

## Huntsville, Alabama

305 Fountain Circle Huntsville, AL 35801

## Cover Memo

Meeting Type: City Council Regular Meeting Meeting	ng Date: 11/21/2024	<b>File ID:</b> TMP-4843
Department: Urban Development		
Subject:	Type of Action	1: Approval/Action
Resolution authorizing the Mayor to enter into an agree of easement for a public walking tract on the greenwa	-	of the Army accepting a grant
Resolution No.		
Finance Information:		
Account Number: TBD		
City Cost Amount: \$ NA		
Total Cost: \$ NA		
Special Circumstances:		
Grant Funded: \$ NA		
Grant Title - CFDA or granting Agency: NA		
Resolution #: NA		
Location: (list below)		
Address:  District: District 1 □ District 2 □ District 3 □	l District 4 🗆 Distri	ct 5 🗆
Additional Comments:		
Public walking tract on the Greenway on Redstone Arsenal easement dedication		

#### RESOLUTION NO. 24-\_\_\_\_

**BE IT RESOLVED** by the City Council of the City of Huntsville, Alabama, that the Mayor be, and he is hereby authorized to enter into an Agreement by and between the City of Huntsville and The Secretary of the Army, on behalf of the City of Huntsville, a municipal corporation in the State of Alabama, which said agreement is substantially in words and figures similar to that certain document attached hereto and identified as "Department of the Army Easement for Public Walking Track Located on Redstone Arsenal Madison County, Alabama, Section 13 Township 5 South, Range 1 West, between the City of Huntsville and The Secretary of the Army," consisting of nineteen (19) pages and the date of November 21, 2024, appearing on the margin of the first page, together with the signature of the President or President Pro Tem of the City Council, an executed copy of said document being permanently kept on file in the Office of the City Clerk-Treasurer of the City of Huntsville, Alabama.

of the City Clerk-Treasurer of the City of H	untsville, Alabama.	
ADOPTED this the 21st day of November	, 2024.	
	President of the City Council of	
	the City of Huntsville, Alabama	
APPROVED this the 21st day of November, 2024.		

Mayor of the City of Huntsville, Alabama

# DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY EASEMENT FOR PUBLIC WALKING TRACK LOCATED ON

## REDSTONE ARSENAL MADISON COUNTY, ALABAMA SECTION 13 TOWNSHIP 5 SOUTH, RANGE 1 WEST

THE SECRETARY OF THE ARMY under and by virtue of the authority vested in the Secretary by Title 10, United States Code Section 2668, having found that the granting of this easement will not be against the public interest, hereby grants to CITY OF HUNTSVILLE, ALABAMA, hereinafter referred to as the grantee, an easement for a walking track, hereinafter referred to as the facilities, over, across, in and upon the lands of the United States as identified in Exhibits "A", "B", & "C", attached hereto and made a part hereof, hereinafter referred to as the premises.

THIS EASEMENT is granted subject to the following conditions:

#### 1. TERM

This easement is hereby granted for a term of FIFTY (50) years, beginning June 1, 2024 and ending May 31, 2074.

#### 2. CONSIDERATION

The consideration of this easement shall be the construction, operation and maintenance of public facilities for the benefit of the United States and the general public in accordance with the terms herein set forth.

#### 3. NOTICES

All correspondence and notices to be given pursuant to this easement shall be addressed, if to the grantee, to City of Huntsville, Alabama, 320 Fountain Circle Huntsville, AL 35801, and if to the United States, to the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Mobile District, Attention: Real Estate Contracting Officer, 109 St. Joseph Street, Mobile, Alabama 36602, or as may from time to time otherwise be directed by the parties. Notice shall be deemed to have been duly given if and when enclosed in a properly sealed envelope or wrapper addressed as aforesaid, and deposited, postage prepaid, in a post office regularly maintained by the United States Postal Service.

#### 4. AUTHORIZED REPRESENTATIVES

Except as otherwise specifically provided, any reference herein to "Secretary", "District Engineer", "Installation Commander", or "said officer" shall include their duly authorized

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representatives. Any reference to "grantee" shall include assignees, transferees and their duly authorized representatives.

#### 5. SUPERVISION BY THE INSTALLATION COMMANDER

The construction, operation, maintenance, repair or replacement of said facilities, including culverts and other drainage facilities, shall be performed at no cost or expense to the United States and subject to the approval of the Installation Commander, hereinafter referred to as said officer. Upon the completion of any of the above activities, the grantee shall immediately restore the premises to the satisfaction of said officer. The use and occupation of the premises for the purposes herein granted shall be subject to such rules and regulations as said officer prescribes in writing from time to time.

#### 6. APPLICABLE LAWS AND REGULATIONS

The grantee shall comply with all applicable Federal, state, county and municipal laws, ordinances and regulations wherein the premises are located.

#### 7. CONDITION OF PREMISES

The grantee acknowledges that it has inspected the premises, knows the condition, and understands that the same is granted without any representation or warranties whatsoever and without any obligation on the part of the United States.

#### 8. INSPECTION AND REPAIRS

The grantee shall inspect the facilities at reasonable intervals and immediately repair any defects found by such inspection or when required by said officer to repair any such defects.

#### 9. PROTECTION OF GOVERNMENT PROPERTY

The grantee shall be responsible for any damage that may be caused to property of the United States by the activities of the grantee under this easement and shall exercise due diligence in the protection of all property located on the premises against fire or damage from any and all causes. Any property of the United States damaged or destroyed by the grantee incident to the exercise of the privileges herein granted shall be promptly repaired or replaced by the grantee to a condition satisfactory to said officer, or at the election of said officer, reimbursement made therefore by the grantee in an amount necessary to restore or replace the property to a condition satisfactory to said officer.

#### 10. RIGHT TO ENTER

The right is reserved to the United States, its officers, agents, and employees to enter upon the premises at any time and for any purpose necessary or convenient in connection with government purposes, to make inspections, to remove timber or other material, except property of the grantee, to flood the premises and/or to make any other use of the lands as may be necessary in connection with government purposes, and the grantee shall have no claim for damages on account thereof against the United States or any officer, agent, or employee thereof.

#### 11. RIGHT TO CONNECT

The United States reserves the right to make such connections between the road or street herein authorized and roads and streets on other government lands as said officer may from time consider necessary, and also reserves to itself rights-of-way for all purposes across, over or under the right-of-way hereby granted; provided that such rights shall be used in a manner that will not create unnecessary interference with the use and enjoyment by the grantee of the right-of-way herein granted.

#### 12. OTHER AGENCY AGREEMENTS

It is understood that the provisions of the conditions on SUPERVISION BY THE INSTALLATION COMMANDER and RIGHT TO ENTER above shall not abrogate or interfere with any agreements or commitments made or entered into between the grantee and any other agency of the United States with regard to financial aid to the grantee in connection with the construction, maintenance, or repair of the facilities herein authorized.

#### 13. TERMINATION

This easement may be terminated by the Secretary upon 30 days written notice to the grantee if the Secretary shall determine that the right-of-way hereby granted interferes with the use or disposal of said land by the United States, or it may be revoked by the Secretary for failure of the grantee to comply with any or all of the conditions of this easement, or for non-use for a period of two (2) years, or for abandonment.

#### 14. SOIL AND WATER CONSERVATION

The grantee shall maintain, in a manner satisfactory to said officer, all soil and water conservation structures that may be in existence upon said premises at the beginning of or that may be constructed by the grantee during the term of this easement, and the grantee shall take appropriate measures to prevent or control soil erosion within the right-of-way herein granted. Any soil erosion occurring outside the premises resulting from the activities of the grantee shall be corrected by the grantee as directed by said officer.

#### 15. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION

a. Within the limits of their respective legal powers, the parties hereto shall protect the premises against pollution of its air, ground and water. The grantee shall comply with any laws, regulations, conditions or instructions affecting the activity hereby authorized if and when issued by the Environmental Protection Agency, or any Federal, state, interstate or local governmental agency having jurisdiction to abate or prevent pollution. The disposal of any toxic or hazardous materials within the premises is specifically prohibited. Such regulations, conditions, or instructions in effect or prescribed by the said Environmental Protection Agency, or any Federal, state, interstate or local governmental agency are hereby made a condition of this easement. The

grantee shall not discharge waste or effluent from the premises in such a manner that the discharge will contaminate streams or other bodies of water or otherwise become a public nuisance.

- **b.** The use of any pesticides or herbicides within the premises shall be in conformance with all applicable Federal, state, interstate, and local laws and regulations. The grantee must obtain approval in writing from said officer before any pesticides or herbicides are applied to the premises.
- c. The grantee will use all reasonable means available to protect the environment and natural resources, and where damage nonetheless occurs arising from the grantee's activities, the grantee shall be liable to restore the damaged resources.

#### 16. HISTORIC PRESERVATION

The grantee shall not remove or disturb, or cause or permit to be removed or disturbed, any historical, archeological, architectural or other cultural artifacts, relics, remains, or objects of antiquity. In the event such items are discovered on the premises, the grantee shall immediately notify said officer and protect the site and the material from further disturbance until said officer gives clearance to proceed.

#### 17. NON-DISCRIMINATION

- a. The grantee shall not discriminate against any person or persons because of race, color, age, sex, handicap, national origin or religion.
- b. The grantee, by acceptance of this easement, is receiving a type of Federal assistance and, therefore, hereby gives assurance that it will comply with the provisions of Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 as amended (42 U.S.C. § 2000d); the Age Discrimination Act of 1975 (42 U.S.C. § 6102); the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, as amended (29 U.S.C. § 794); and all requirements imposed by or pursuant to the Directive of the Department of Defense (32 CFR Part 300) issued as Department of Defense Directive 5500.11 and 1020.1, and Army Regulation 600-7. This assurance shall be binding on the grantee, its agents, successors, transferees, and assignees.

#### 18. RESTORATION

On or before the termination or revocation of this easement, the grantee shall, without expense to the United States and within such time as said officer may indicate, restore the premises to the satisfaction of said officer. In the event the grantee shall fail to restore the premises, at the option of said officer, said improvements shall either become the property of the United States without compensation therefore, or said officer shall have the option to perform the restoration at the expense of the grantee, and the grantee shall have no claim for damages against the United States or its officers or agents for such action.

#### 19. DISCLAIMER

This instrument is effective only insofar as the rights of the United States in the premises are concerned; and the grantee shall obtain such permission as may be required on account of any

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other existing rights. It is understood that the granting of this easement does not eliminate the necessity for obtaining any Department of the Army permit which may be required pursuant to the provisions of Section 10 of the Rivers and Harbors Act of 3 March 1899 (30 Stat. 1151; 33 U.S.C. § 403), Section 404 of the Clean Water Act (33 U.S.C. § 1344) or any other permit or license which may be required by Federal, state, interstate or local laws in connection with the use of the premises.

#### 20. DETERMINATION REGARDING EXECUTIVE ORDER 13658

Any reference in this section to "prime contractor" or "contractor" shall mean the Grantee and any reference to "contract" shall refer to the Easement.

The parties expressly stipulate this contract is subject to Executive Order 13658, the regulations issued by the Secretary of labor in 29 CFR Part 10 pursuant to the Executive Order, and the following provisions.

#### a. Minimum Wages.

- (1) Each worker (as defined in 29 CFR 10.2) engaged in the performance of this contract by the prime contractor or any subcontractor, regardless of any contractual relationship which may be alleged to exist between the contractor and worker, shall be paid not less than the applicable minimum wage under Executive Order 13658.
- (2) The minimum wage required to be paid to each worker performing work on or in connection with this contract between January 1, 2015 and December 31, 2015 shall be \$10.10 per hour. The minimum wage shall be adjusted each time the Secretary of Labor's annual determination of the applicable minimum wage under section 2(a)(ii) of Executive Order 13658 results in a higher minimum wage. Adjustments to the Executive Order minimum wage under section 2(a)(ii) of Executive Order 13658 will be effective for all workers subject to the Executive Orders beginning January 1 of the following year. If appropriate, the contracting officer, or other agency official overseeing this contract shall ensure the contractor is compensated only for the increase in labor costs resulting from the annual inflation increases in the Executive Order 13658 minimum wage beginning on January 1, 2016. The Secretary of Labor will publish annual determinations in the Federal Register no later than 90 days before such new wage is to take effect. The Secretary will also publish the applicable minimum wage on www.wdol.gov (or any successor Web site). The applicable published minimum wage is incorporated by reference into this contract.
- (3) The contractor shall pay unconditionally to each worker all wages due free and clear and without subsequent deduction (except as otherwise provided by 29 CFR 10.23), rebate, or kickback on any account. Such payments shall be made no later than one pay period following the end of the regular pay period in which such wages were earned or accrued. A pay period under this Executive Order may not be of any duration longer than semi-monthly.
- (4) The prime contractor and any upper-tier subcontractor shall be responsible for the compliance by any subcontractor or lower-tier subcontractor with the Executive Order

minimum wage requirements. In the event of any violation of the minimum wage obligation of this clause, the contractor and any subcontractor(s) responsible therefore shall be liable for the unpaid wages.

- (5) If the commensurate wage rate paid to a worker on a covered contract whose wages are calculated pursuant to a special certificate issued under 29 U.S.C. 214(c), whether hourly or piece rate, is less than the Executive Order minimum wage, the contractor must pay the Executive Order minimum wage rate to achieve compliance with the Order. If the commensurate wage due under the certificate is greater than the Executive Order minimum wage, the contractor must pay the 14(c) worker the greater commensurate wage.
- b. Withholding. The agency head shall upon its own action or upon written request of an authorized representative of the Department of Labor withhold or cause to be withheld from the prime contractor under this or any other Federal contract with the same prime contractor, so much of the accrued payments or advances as may be considered necessary to pay workers the full amount of wages required by Executive Order 13658.
- c. Contract Suspension/Contract Termination/Contractor Debarment. In the event of a failure to pay any worker all or part of the wages due under Executive Order 13658 or 29 CFR Part 10, or a failure to comply with any other term or condition of Executive Order 13658 or 29 CFR Part 10, the contracting agency may on its own action or after authorization or by direction of the Department of Labor and written notification to the contractor, take action to cause suspension of any further payment, advance or guarantee of funds until such violations have ceased. Additionally, any failure to comply with the requirements of this clause may be grounds for termination of the right to proceed with the contract work. In such event, the Government may enter into other contracts or arrangements for completion of the work, charging the contractor in default with any additional cost. A breach of the contract clause may be grounds for debarment as a contractor and subcontractor as provided in 29 CFR 10.52.
- d. The contractor may not discharge any part of its minimum wage obligation under Executive Order 13658 by furnishing fringe benefits or, with respect to workers whose wages are governed by the Service Contract Act, the cash equivalent thereof.
- e. Nothing herein shall relieve the contractor of any obligation under Federal, State or local law, or under contract, for the payment of a higher wage to any worker, nor shall a lower prevailing wage under any such Federal, State, or local law, or under contract, entitle a contractor to pay less than \$10.10 (or the minimum wage as established each January thereafter) to any worker.

#### f. Payroll Records.

(1) The contractor shall made and maintain for three years of records containing the information specified in paragraphs f(1)(i) through (vi) of this section for each worker and shall make the records available for inspection and transcription by authorized representative of the Wage and Hour Division of the U.S. Department of Labor:

- (i) Name, address, and social security number.
- (ii) The worker's occupation(s) or classification(s).
- (iii) The rate or rates of wages paid.
- (iv) The number of daily and weekly hours worked by each worker.
- (v) Any deductions made; and
- (vi) Total wages paid.
- (2) The contractor shall also make available a copy of the contract, as applicable, for inspection or transcription by authorized representatives of the Wage and Hour Division.
- (3) Failure to make and maintain or to make available such records for inspection and transcription shall be a violation of 29 CFR Part 10 and this contract, and in the cause of failure to produce such records, the contracting officer, upon direction of an authorized representative of the Department of Labor, or under its own action, shall take such action as may be necessary to cause suspension of any further payment or advance of funds until such time as the violations are discontinued.
- (4) The contractor shall permit authorized representative of the Wage and Hour Division to conduct investigation, including interviewing workers at the worksite during normal working hours.
- (5) Nothing in this clause limits or otherwise modifies the contractor's payroll and recordkeeping obligations, if any, under the Davis-Bacon Act, as amended, and its implementing regulation; the Service Contract Act, as amended, and its implementing regulations; the Fair Labor Standards Act, as amended, and its implementing regulations; or any other applicable law.
- g. The contractor (as defined in 29 CFR 10.2) shall insert this clause in all of its covered subcontracts and shall require its subcontractors to include this clause in any covered lower-tier subcontracts. The prime contractor and any upper-tier subcontractor shall be responsible for the compliance by any subcontractor or lower-tier subcontractor with this contract clause.

#### h. Certification of Eligibility.

- (1) By entering into this contract, the contractor (an officials thereof) certifies that neither it (nor he or she) nor any person or firm who has an interest in the contractor's firm is a person or firm ineligible to be awarded Government contracts by virtue of the sanctions imposed pursuant to section 5 of the Service Contract Act, section 3(a) of the Davis-Bacon Act, or 29 CFR 5.12(a)(1).
- (2) No part of this contract shall be subcontracted to any person or firm whose name appears on the list of persons or firms ineligible to receive Federal contracts.

- (3) The penalty for making false statements is prescribed in the U.S. Criminal Code, 18 U.S.C. 1001.
- i. Tipped employees. In paying wages to a tipped employee as defined in section 3(t) of the Fair Labor Standards Act, 29 U.S.C 203(t), the contractor may take a partial credit against the wage payment obligation (tip credit) to the extent permitted under section 3(a) of Executive Order 13658. In order to take such a tip credit, the employee must receive an amount of tips at least equal to the amount of the credit taken; where the tipped employee does not receive sufficient tips to equal the amount of the tip credit the contractor must increase the cash wage paid for the workweek so that the amount of cash wage paid and the tips received by the employee equal the applicable minimum wage under Executive Order 13658. To utilize this proviso:
- (1) The employer must inform the tipped employee in advance of the use of the tip credit;
- (2) The employer must inform the topped employee of the amount of cash wage that will be paid and the additional amount by which the employee's wages will be considered increased on account of the tip credit;
- (3) The employees must be allowed to retain all tips (individually or through a pooling arrangement and regardless of whether the employer elects to take a credit for tips received); and
- (4) The employer must be able to show by records that the tipped employee received at least the applicable Executive Order minimum wage through the combination of direct wages and tip credit.
- j. Antiretaliation. It shall be unlawful for any person to discharge or in any other manner discriminate against any worker because such worker has filed any complaint or instituted or caused to be instituted any proceeding under or related to Executive Order 13658 or 29 CFR Part 10, or has testified or is about to testify in any such proceeding.
- k. Disputes concerning labor standards. Disputes related to the application of Executive Order 13658 to this contract shall not be subject to the general disputes clause of the contract. Such disputes shall be resolved in accordance with the procedures of the Department of Labor set forth in 29 CFR Part 10. Disputes within the meaning of this contract clause include disputes between the contractor (or any of its subcontractors) and the contracting agency, the U.S. Department of Labor, or the workers or their representatives.
- l. Notice. The contractor must notify all workers performing work on or in connection with a covered contract of the applicable minimum wage rate under the Executive Order. With respect to service employees on contracts covered by the Service Contract Act and laborers and mechanics on contracts covered by the Davis-Bacon Act, the contractor may meet this requirement by posting, in a prominent and accessible place at the worksite, the applicable wage

determination under those statutes. With respect to workers performing work on or in connection with a covered contract whose wages are governed by the FLSA, the contractor must post a notice provided by the Department of Labor in a prominent and accessible place at the worksite so it may be readily seen by workers. Contractors that customarily post notices to workers electronically may post the notice electronically provided such electronic posting is displayed prominently on any Web site that is maintained by the contractor, whether external or internal, and customarily used for notices to workers about terms and conditions of employment.

m. If a duly authorized representative of the United States discovers or determines, whether before or subsequent to executing this contract, that an erroneous determination regarding the applicability of Executive Order 13658 was made, contractor, to the extent permitted by law, agrees to indemnify and hold harmless the United States, its officers, agents, and employees, for and from any and all liabilities, losses, claims, expenses, suites, fines, penalties, judgments, demands or actions, costs, fees, and damages directly or indirectly arising out of, caused by, related to, resulting from or in any way predicated upon, in whole or in part, the erroneous Executive Order 13658 determination. This includes contractor releasing any claim or entitlement it would otherwise have to an equitable adjustment to the contract and indemnifying and holding harmless the United States from the claims of subcontractors and contractor employees.

#### 21. DETERMINATION REGARDING EXECUTIVE ORDER 13706

Any reference in this section to "prime contractor" or "contractor" shall mean the Grantee and any reference to "contract" shall refer to the Easement.

a. Executive Order 13706. This contract is subject to Executive Order 13706, the regulations issued by the Secretary of Labor in 29 CFR part 13 pursuant to the Executive Order, and the following provisions.

#### b. Paid Sick Leave.

- (1) The contractor shall permit each employee (as defined in 29 CFR 13.2) engaged in the performance of this contract by the prime contractor or any subcontractor, regardless of any contractual relationship that may be alleged to exist between the contractor and employee, to earn not less than 1 hour of paid sick leave for every 30 hours worked. The contractor shall additionally allow accrual and use of paid sick leave as required by Executive Order 13706 and 29 CFR part 13. The contractor shall in particular comply with the accrual, use, and other requirements set forth in 29 CFR 13.5 and 13.6, which are incorporated by reference in this contract.
- (2) The contractor shall provide paid sick leave to all employees when due free and clear and without subsequent deduction (except as otherwise provided by 29 CFR 13.24), rebate, or kickback on any account. The contractor shall provide pay and benefits for paid sick leave used no later than one pay period following the end of the regular pay period in which the paid sick leave was taken.

- (3) The prime contractor and any upper-tier subcontractor shall be responsible for the compliance by any subcontractor or lower-tier subcontractor with the requirements of Executive Order 13706, 29 CFR part 13, and this clause.
- c. Withholding. The contracting officer shall, upon its own action or upon written request of an authorized representative of the Department of Labor, withhold or cause to be withheld from the prime contractor under this or any other Federal contract with the same prime contractor, so much of the accrued payments or advances as may be considered necessary to pay employees the full amount owed to compensate for any violation of the requirements of Executive Order 13706, 29 CFR part 13, or this clause, including any pay and/or benefits denied or lost by reason of the violation; other actual monetary losses sustained as a direct result of the violation, and liquidated damages.
- d. Contract Suspension/Contract Termination/Contractor Debarment. In the event of a failure to comply with Executive Order 13706, 29 CFR part 13, or this clause, the contracting agency may on its own action or after authorization or by direction of the Department of Labor and written notification to the contractor, take action to cause suspension of any further payment, advance, or guarantee of funds until such violations have ceased. Additionally, any failure to comply with the requirements of this clause may be grounds for termination of the right to proceed with the contract work. In such event, the Government may enter into other contracts or arrangements for completion of the work, charging the contractor in default with any additional cost. A breach of the contract clause may be grounds for debarment as a contractor and subcontractor as provided in 29 CFR 13.52.
- e. The paid sick leave required by Executive Order 13706, 29 CFR part 13, and this clause is in addition to a contractor's obligations under the Service Contract Act and Davis—Bacon Act, and a contractor may not receive credit toward its prevailing wage or fringe benefit obligations under those Acts for any paid sick leave provided in satisfaction of the requirements of Executive Order 13706 and 29 CFR part 13.
- f. Nothing in Executive Order 13706 or 29 CFR part 13 shall excuse noncompliance with or supersede any applicable Federal or State law, any applicable law or municipal ordinance, or a collective bargaining agreement requiring greater paid sick leave or leave rights than those established under Executive Order 13706 and 29 CFR part 13.

#### g. Recordkeeping.

(1) Any contractor performing work subject to Executive Order 13706 and 29 CFR part 13 must make and maintain, for no less than three (3) years from the completion of the work on the contract, records containing the information specified in paragraphs (i) through (xv) of this section for each employee and shall make them available for inspection, copying, and transcription by authorized representatives of the Wage and Hour Division of the U.S. Department of Labor: (i) Name, address, and Social Security number of each employee; (ii) The employee's occupation(s) or classification(s); (iii) The rate or rates of wages paid (including all pay and benefits provided); (iv) The number of daily and weekly hours worked; (v) Any deductions made; (vi) The total wages paid (including all pay and benefits provided) each pay

period; (vii) A copy of notifications to employees of the amount of paid sick leave the employee has accrued, as required under 29 CFR 13.5(a)(2); (viii) A copy of employees' requests to use paid sick leave, if in writing, or, if not in writing, any other records reflecting such employee requests; (ix) Dates and amounts of paid sick leave taken by employees (unless a contractor's paid time off policy satisfies the requirements of Executive Order 13706 and 29 CFR part 13 as described in § 13.5(f)(5), leave must be designated in records as paid sick leave pursuant to Executive Order 13706); (x) A copy of any written responses to employees' requests to use paid sick leave, including explanations for any denials of such requests, as required under 29 CFR 13.5(d)(3); (xi) Any records reflecting the certification and documentation a contractor may require an employee to provide under 29 CFR 13.5(e), including copies of any certification or documentation provided by an employee; (xii) Any other records showing any tracking of or calculations related to an employee's accrual or use of paid sick leave; (xiii) The relevant covered contract; (xiv) The regular pay and benefits provided to an employee for each use of paid sick leave; and (xv) Any financial payment made for unused paid sick leave upon a separation from employment intended, pursuant to 29 CFR 13.5(b)(5), to relieve a contractor from the obligation to reinstate such paid sick leave as otherwise required by 29 CFR 13.5(b)(4).

- (2) (i) If a contractor wishes to distinguish between an employee's covered and non-covered work, the contractor must keep records or other proof reflecting such distinctions. Only if the contractor adequately segregates the employee's time will time spent on non-covered work be excluded from hours worked counted toward the accrual of paid sick leave. Similarly, only if that contractor adequately segregates the employee's time may a contractor properly refuse an employee's request to use paid sick leave on the ground that the employee was scheduled to perform non-covered work during the time she asked to use paid sick leave. (ii) If a contractor estimates covered hours worked by an employee who performs work in connection with covered contracts pursuant to 29 CFR 13.5(a)(i) or (iii), the contractor must keep records or other proof of the verifiable information on which such estimates are reasonably based. Only if the contractor relies on an estimate that is reasonable and based on verifiable information will an employee's time spent in connection with non-covered work be excluded from hours worked counted toward the accrual of paid sick leave. If a contractor estimates the amount of time an employee spends performing in connection with covered contracts, the contractor must permit the employee to use her paid sick leave during any work time for the contractor.
- (3) In the event a contractor is not obligated by the Service Contract Act, the Davis Bacon Act, or the Fair Labor Standards Act to keep records of an employee's hours worked, such as because the employee is exempt from the FLSA's minimum wage and overtime requirements, and the contractor chooses to use the assumption permitted by 29 CFR 13.5(a)(1)(iii), the contractor is excused from the requirement in paragraph (1)(d) of this section to keep records of the employee's number of daily and weekly hours worked.
- (4) (i) Records relating to medical histories or domestic violence, sexual assault, or stalking, created for purposes of Executive Order 13706, whether of an employee or an employee's child, parent, spouse, domestic partner, or other individual related by blood or affinity whose close association with the employee is the equivalent of a family relationship, shall be maintained as confidential records in separate files/records from the usual personnel files. (ii) If the confidentiality requirements of the Genetic Information Nondiscrimination Act of

2008 (GINA), section 503 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, and/or the Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA) apply to records or documents created to comply with the recordkeeping requirements in this contract clause, the records and documents must also be maintained in compliance with the confidentiality requirements of the GINA, section 503 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, and/or ADA as described in 29 CFR 1635.9, 41 CFR 60–741.23(d), and 29 CFR 1630.14(c)(1), respectively. (iii) The contractor shall not disclose any documentation used to verify the need to use 3 or more consecutive days of paid sick leave for the purposes listed in 29 CFR 13.5(c)(1)(iv) (as described in 29 CFR 13.5(e)(1)(ii)) and shall maintain confidentiality about any domestic abuse, sexual assault, or stalking, unless the employee consents or when disclosure is required by law.

- (5) The contractor shall permit authorized representatives of the Wage and Hour Division to conduct interviews with employees at the worksite during normal working hours.
- (6) Nothing in this contract clause limits or otherwise modifies the contractor's recordkeeping obligations, if any, under the Davis-Bacon Act, the Service Contract Act, the Fair Labor Standards Act, the Family and Medical Leave Act, Executive Order 13658, their respective implementing regulations, or any other applicable law.
- h. The contractor (as defined in 29 CFR 13.2) shall insert this clause in all of its covered subcontracts and shall require its subcontractors to include this clause in any covered lower-tier subcontracts.

#### i. Certification of Eligibility.

- (1) By entering into this contract, the contractor (and officials thereof) certifies that neither it (nor he or she) nor any person or firm who has an interest in the contractor's firm is a person or firm ineligible to be awarded Government contracts by virtue of the sanctions imposed pursuant to section 5 of the Service Contract Act, section 3(a) of the Davis–Bacon Act, or 29 CFR 5.12(a)(1).
- (2) No part of this contract shall be subcontracted to any person or firm whose name appears on the list of persons or firms ineligible to receive Federal contracts currently maintained on the System for Award Management Web site, http://www.SAM.gov.
- (3) The penalty for making false statements is prescribed in the U.S. Criminal Code, 18 U.S.C. 1001.

#### j. Interference/Discrimination.

(1) A contractor may not in any manner interfere with an employee's accrual or use of paid sick leave as required by Executive Order 13706 or 29 CFR part 13. Interference includes, but is not limited to, miscalculating the amount of paid sick leave an employee has accrued, denying or unreasonably delaying a response to a proper request to use paid sick leave, discouraging an employee from using paid sick leave, reducing an employee's accrued paid sick leave by more than the amount of such leave used, transferring an employee to work on non-

covered contracts to prevent the accrual or use of paid sick leave, disclosing confidential information contained in certification or other documentation provided to verify the need to use paid sick leave, or making the use of paid sick leave contingent on the employee's finding a replacement worker or the fulfillment of the contractor's operational needs.

- (2) A contractor may not discharge or in any other manner discriminate against any employee for: (i) Using, or attempting to use, paid sick leave as provided for under Executive Order 13706 and 29 CFR part 13; (ii) Filing any complaint, initiating any proceeding, or otherwise asserting any right or claim under Executive Order 13706 and 29 CFR part 13; (iii) Cooperating in any investigation or testifying in any proceeding under Executive Order 13706 and 29 CFR part 13; or (iv) Informing any other person about his or her rights under Executive Order 13706 and 29 CFR part 13.
- k. Waiver. Employees cannot waive, nor may contractors induce employees to waive, their rights under Executive Order 13706, 29 CFR part 13, or this clause.
- l. Notice. The contractor must notify all employees performing work on or in connection with a covered contract of the paid sick leave requirements of Executive Order 13706, 29 CFR part 13, and this clause by posting a notice provided by the Department of Labor in a prominent and accessible place at the worksite so it may be readily seen by employees. Contractors that customarily post notices to employees electronically may post the notice electronically, provided such electronic posting is displayed prominently on any Web site that is maintained by the contractor, whether external or internal, and customarily used for notices to employees about terms and conditions of employment.
- m. Disputes concerning labor standards. Disputes related to the application of Executive Order 13706 to this contract shall not be subject to the general disputes clause of the contract. Such disputes shall be resolved in accordance with the procedures of the Department of Labor set forth in 29 CFR part 13. Disputes within the meaning of this contract clause include disputes between the contractor (or any of its subcontractors) and the contracting agency, the U.S. Department of Labor, or the employees or their representatives.

THIS EASEMENT is not subject to Title 10, United States Code, Section 2662, as amended.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF I have h	ereunto set my hand by authority/direction of the
Secretary of the Army this day of _	
	ZACHARY T. LAMBERT
	Real Estate Contracting Officer
	Mobile District
ACKNOWL	EDGMENT
STATE OF ALABAMA)	
COUNTY OF MOBILE)	
that <b>Zachary T. Lambert</b> , whose name as <b>Division</b> , U.S. Army Engineer District, Me who is known to me, acknowledged before me	n and for said County and State, hereby certify Real Estate Contracting Officer, Real Estate obile, is signed to the foregoing instrument and con this day, that being informed of the contents of the executed the same voluntarily and with full
Given under my hand and seal of office this	day of, 2024.
[SEAL]	Notary Public
	My Commission Expires:

2024.	THIS EASEMENT is also executed by	the Grantee this	21st day of November
		CITY OF HUNTSVILLE, ALABAMA:	
		Signature:	
		Printed name:	Tommy Battle
		Title:	Mayor
		Phone Number:	256-427-5000
ACKNOWLEDGMENT			
STATI	E OF ALABAMA)		
COUN	TY OF MADISON)		
On this <u>21st</u> , day of <u>November</u> , 2024 before me the undersigned Notary Public, personally appeared <u>Tommy Battle</u> , known to me to be the person described in the foregoing instrument, who acknowledged that he/she executed the same in the capacity therein stated and for the purposes therein contained.			
IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and official seal.			
	[SEAL]	Notary Public	
		My Commission Ex	pires:

## CERTIFICATE OF AUTHORITY

l,,	certify that I am the
(Name)	certify that I am the (Secretary or Attesting Officer)
of the(Agency Name)	, named as grantee/lessee/licensee herein;
that(Officer Name)	, who signed this Agreement on behalf
of said	was then
(Agency Name)	, was then (Officer Title)
of the Agency; and that said Agreement was duly signed for and on behalf of the by authority of its governing body and is  (Agency Name)	
within the scope of its statutory power	rs.
Signed,Secretary or Attesting Of	ficer
(The person that signed the attached instr	rument cannot sign Certificate)

This form certifies that the person signing the attached instrument has the authority to do so. The signature of the Secretary/Attesting Officer and the Individual signing the attached instrument cannot be the same.

#### Exhibit A

#### REDSTONE ARSENAL

#### LEGAL DESCRIPTION FOR EASEMENT

#### CITY OF HUNTSVILLE, ALABAMA GREENWAY

#### MADISON COUNTY, AL

SECTION 13, TOWNSHIP SOUTH, RANGE 1 WEST OF THE HUNTSVILLE MERIDIAN

Commencing at a at a 4 inch square concrete monument with disc stamped "US 18" found at the southwest corner of the Final Plat of Autumn Ridge Properties as recorded in Plat Book 26, Page 61 in the Office of the Judge of Probate for Madison County, Alabama; thence along the south boundary of said Autumn Ridge Properties South 72 Degrees 40 Minutes 53 Seconds East a distance of 846.18 feet to a #5 rebar with a cap stamped "GARVER LLC CA 445" (typical) set, said point being the Point of Beginning of the herein described tract, having established grid coordinates of (N)1491318.22, (E)429727.70 as defined by the Alabama State Plane Coordinate System Zone East of NAD83;

Thence South 72 Degrees 40 Minutes 53 Seconds East a distance of 348.69 feet to a #5 rebar found at the southwest corner of Block 1 of Autumn Ridge Sixth Edition as recorded in Plat Book 25, Page 79 in the Office of the Judge of Probate for Madison County, Alabama; thence leaving said south boundary of Autumn Ridge Properties and along the south boundary of said Block 1 South 72 Degrees 49 Minutes 01 Seconds East a distance of 387.85 feet to a #5 rebar set marking the east boundary of a Proposed 30 foot wide Pedestrian Easement; thence leaving said south boundary and along said east boundary of proposed easement South 14 Degrees 54 Minutes 51 Seconds West a distance of 157.79 feet to a #5 rebar set on the north right-of-way of Green Cove Road; thence leaving said east boundary of proposed easement and along said right-of-way North 88 Degrees 16 Minutes 48 Seconds West a distance of 30.81 feet to a #5 rebar set on an existing fence line; thence leaving said right-of-way and along said fence line North 14 Degrees 54 Minutes 51 Seconds East a distance of 135.99 feet to a #5 rebar set on the south boundary of said proposed easement; thence leaving said fence line and along said south boundary of proposed easement North 72 Degrees 49 Minutes 01 Seconds West a distance of 359.05 feet to a #5 rebar set; thence North 72 Degrees 40 Minutes 53 Seconds West a distance of 348.72 feet to a #5 rebar set on the west boundary of said proposed easement; thence leaving said south boundary and along said west boundary of proposed easement North 17 Degrees 19 Minutes 07 Seconds East a distance of 30.00 feet to the Point of Beginning.

The above described tract contains 0.60 acres (26071.35 sq. ft.), more or less



